

Small Molecules

Sinefungin

Epigenetic modifier; Inhibits DNA methyltransferases (DNMTs)

Catalog # 73812

1 mg



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TOLL FREE PHONE 1 800 667 0322 • PHONE +1 604 877 0713

INFO@STEMCELL.COM • TECHSUPPORT@STEMCELL.COM

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Product Description

Sinefungin is a DNA methyltransferase (DNMT) inhibitor ($IC_{50} = 0.1 - 20 \mu M$; Copeland et al.) and an analog of the methyl donor S-adenosyl-L-methionine (SAM; Horiuchi et al.; Nolan).

Molecular Name: Sinefungin

Alternative Names: A 9145; Antibiotic 32232RP; Antibiotic A 9145; RP 32232

CAS Number: 58944-73-3

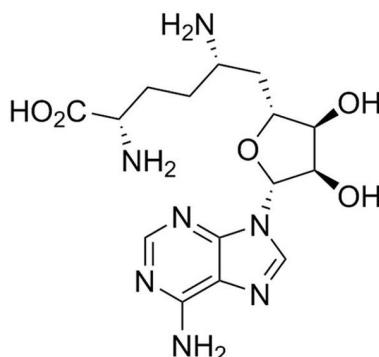
Chemical Formula: $C_{15}H_{23}N_3O_5$

Molecular Weight: 381.4 g/mol

Purity: $\geq 95\%$

Chemical Name: (2S,5S)-2,5-diamino-6-[(2R,3S,4R,5R)-5-(6-aminopurin-9-yl)-3,4-dihydroxyoxolan-2-yl]hexanoic acid

Structure:



Properties

Physical Appearance: A white solid

Storage: Product stable at $-20^{\circ}C$ as supplied. Protect product from prolonged exposure to light. For long-term storage store with a desiccant.

Stable as supplied for 12 months from date of receipt.

Solubility:

· Water $\leq 50 \text{ mM}$

For example, to prepare a 10 mM stock solution in water, resuspend 1 mg in 262 μL of water.

Prepare stock solution fresh before use. Information regarding stability of small molecules in solution has rarely been reported, however, as a general guide we recommend storage in water at $-20^{\circ}C$. Aliquot into working volumes to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. The effect of storage of stock solution on compound performance should be tested for each application.

For use as a cell culture supplement, stock solution should be diluted into culture medium immediately before use.

Published Applications

IMMUNOLOGY

- Antiparasitic activity against malarial, trypanosomal, and leishmanial species (Dube et al.; Nolan; Trager et al.).
- Inhibits Newcastle disease and vaccinia virus multiplication (Pugh et al.).
- Inhibits pneumococcal biofilm growth in vitro and colonization in an in vivo rat model (Yadav et al.).

References

Copeland RA et al. (2009) Protein methyltransferases as a target class for drug discovery. *Nat Rev Drug Discov* 8(9): 724–32.

Dube DK et al. (1983) Antitrypanosomal activity of sinefungin. *Am J Trop Med Hyg* 32(1): 31–3.

Horiuchi KY et al. (2013) Assay development for histone methyltransferases. *Assay Drug Dev Technol* 11(4): 227–36.

Nolan LL. (1987) Molecular target of the antileishmanial action of sinefungin. *Antimicrob Agents Chemother* 31(10): 1542–8.

Pugh CS et al. (1978) Sinefungin, a potent inhibitor of virion mRNA(guanine-7-)-methyltransferase, mRNA(nucleoside-2'-)-methyltransferase, and viral multiplication. *J Biol Chem* 253(12): 4075–7.

Trager W et al. (1980) Plasmodium falciparum: antimalarial activity in culture of sinefungin and other methylation inhibitors. *Exp Parasitol* 50(1): 83–9.

Yadav MK et al. (2014) Sinefungin, a natural nucleoside analogue of S-adenosylmethionine, inhibits *Streptococcus pneumoniae* biofilm growth. *Biomed Res Int* 2014: 156987.

Related Small Molecules

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